

LQ370LZ19

TFT-LCD Module

Spec. Issue Date: June 30, 2008

No: LD-15606C



1. Application

This specification applies to the color 37.02" Wide XGA TFT-LCD module LQ370LZ19.

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2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, power supply circuit, inverter circuit and back light system etc. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 1366×RGB×768 dots panel with 16,777,216 colors by using LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) to interface, +5V of DC supply voltages.

This module also includes the DC/AC inverter to drive the CCFT. (+24V of DC supply voltage)

And in order to improve the response time of LCD, this module applies the Over Shoot driving (O/S driving) technology for the control circuit. In the O/S driving technology, signals are being applied to the Liquid Crystal according to a pre-fixed process as an image signal of the present frame when a difference is found between image signal of the previous frame and that of the current frame after comparing them.

By using the captioned process, the image signals of this LCD module are being set so that image response can be completed within one frame, as a result, image blur can be improved and clear image performance can be realized.

3. Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	94.03 (Diagonal)	cm
	37.05 (Diagonal)	inch
Active area	867.69 (H) x 506.26 (V)	mm
Pixel Format	1366 (H) x 768 (V) (1pixel = R + G + B dot)	pixel
Pixel pitch	0.51075(H) x 0.51075 (V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R, G, B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally black	
Unit Outline Dimensions (*1)	877.0(W) x 516.8(H) x 55.5(D)	mm
Mass	8.9±0.3	kg
Surface treatment	Anti glare, low reflection coating Hard coating: 2H Haze: 23 +/- 5%	

(*1) Outline dimensions are shown in Fig.1



4. Input Terminals

4-1. TFT panel driving

CN1 (Interface signals and +5V DC power supply) (Shown in Fig.1)

Using connector : FI-X30SSL-HF (Japan Aviation Electronics Ind. , Ltd.) or equivalent

Mating connector : FI-X30H, FI-X30C or FI-X30M (Japan Aviation Electronics Ind. , Ltd.)

Mating LVDS transmitter : THC63LVDM83A or equivalent device

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	VCC	+5V Power Supply	
2	VCC	+5V Power Supply	
3	VCC	+5V Power Supply	
4	VCC	+5V Power Supply	
5	GND	GND	
6	GND	GND	
7	GND	GND	
8	GND	GND	
9	SELLVDS	Select LVDS data order 【Note 1】	Pull up Default H:3.3V
10	NC		
11	GND	Ground	
12	RIN0-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
13	RIN0+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
14	GND	Ground	
15	RIN1-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
16	RIN1+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
17	GND	Ground	
18	RIN2-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
19	RIN2+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
20	GND	Ground	
21	CLKIN-	Clock Signal(-)	LVDS
22	CLKIN+	Clock Signal(+)	LVDS
23	GND	Ground	
24	RIN3-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
25	RIN3+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS
26	GND	Ground	
27	R/L	Horizontal shift direction 【Note 2】	Pull down Default L:GND
28	U/D	Vertical shift direction 【Note 2】	Pull down Default L:GND
29	Reserved	Not Available	
30	Reserved	Not Available	

【note】 GND of a liquid crystal panel drive part has connected with a module chassis.



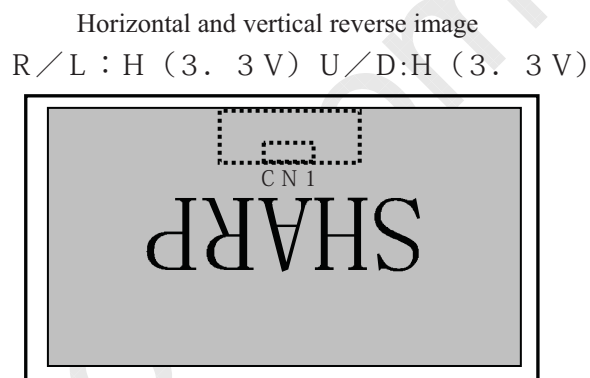
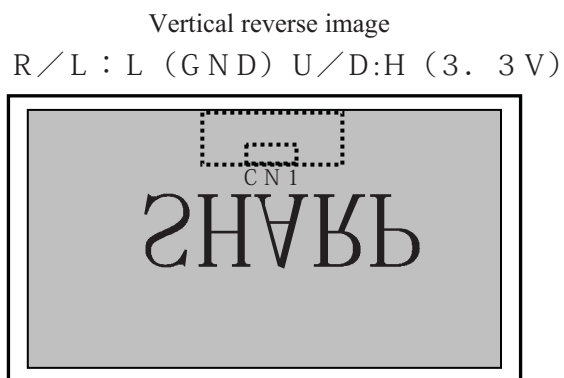
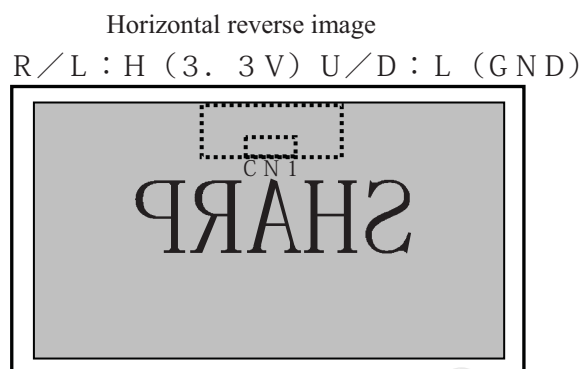
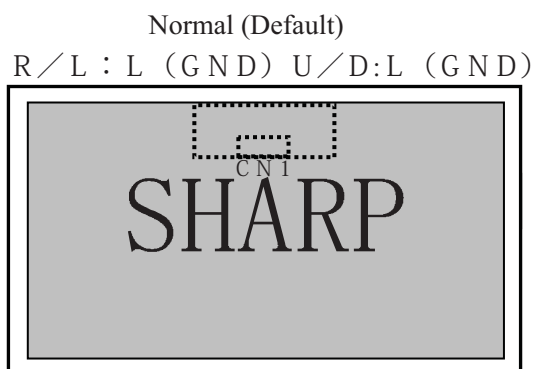
【Note1】SELLVDS

Transmitter		SELLVDS	
Pin No	Data	=L(GND)	=H(3.3V) or Open
51	TA0	R0(LSB)	R2
52	TA1	R1	R3
54	TA2	R2	R4
55	TA3	R3	R5
56	TA4	R4	R6
3	TA5	R5	R7(MSB)
4	TA6	G0(LSB)	G2
6	TB0	G1	G3
7	TB1	G2	G4
11	TB2	G3	G5
12	TB3	G4	G6
14	TB4	G5	G7(MSB)
15	TB5	B0(LSB)	B2
19	TB6	B1	B3
20	TC0	B2	B4
22	TC1	B3	B5
23	TC2	B4	B6
24	TC3	B5	B7(MSB)
27	TC4	NA	NA
28	TC5	NA	NA
30	TC6	DE(*)	DE(*)
50	TD0	R6	R0(LSB)
2	TD1	R7(MSB)	R1
8	TD2	G6	G0(LSB)
10	TD3	G7(MSB)	G1
16	TD4	B6	B0(LSB)
18	TD5	B7(MSB)	B1
25	TD6	NA	NA

NA: Not Available

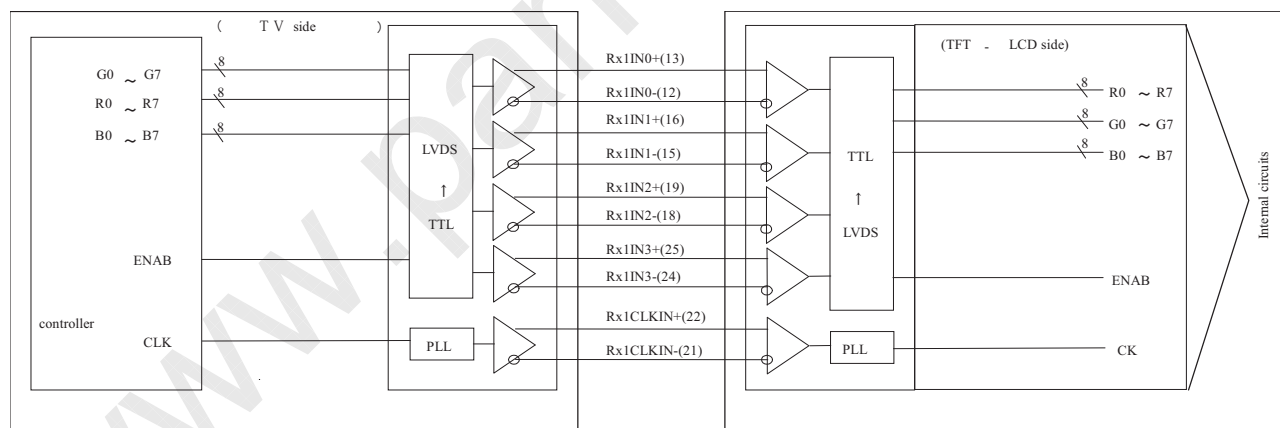
(*) Since the display position is prescribed by the rise of DE (Display Enable) signal, please do not fix DE signal during operation at "High."

【Note 2】 Display reversal function



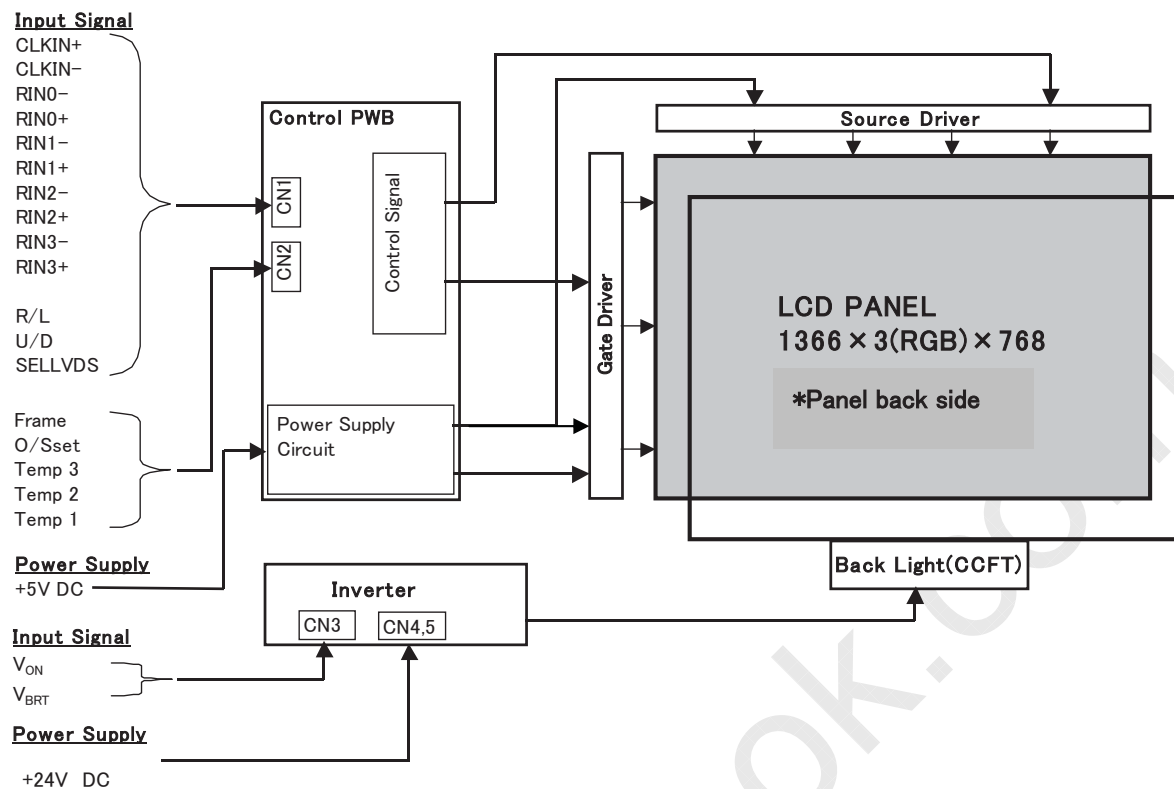
- Interface block diagram

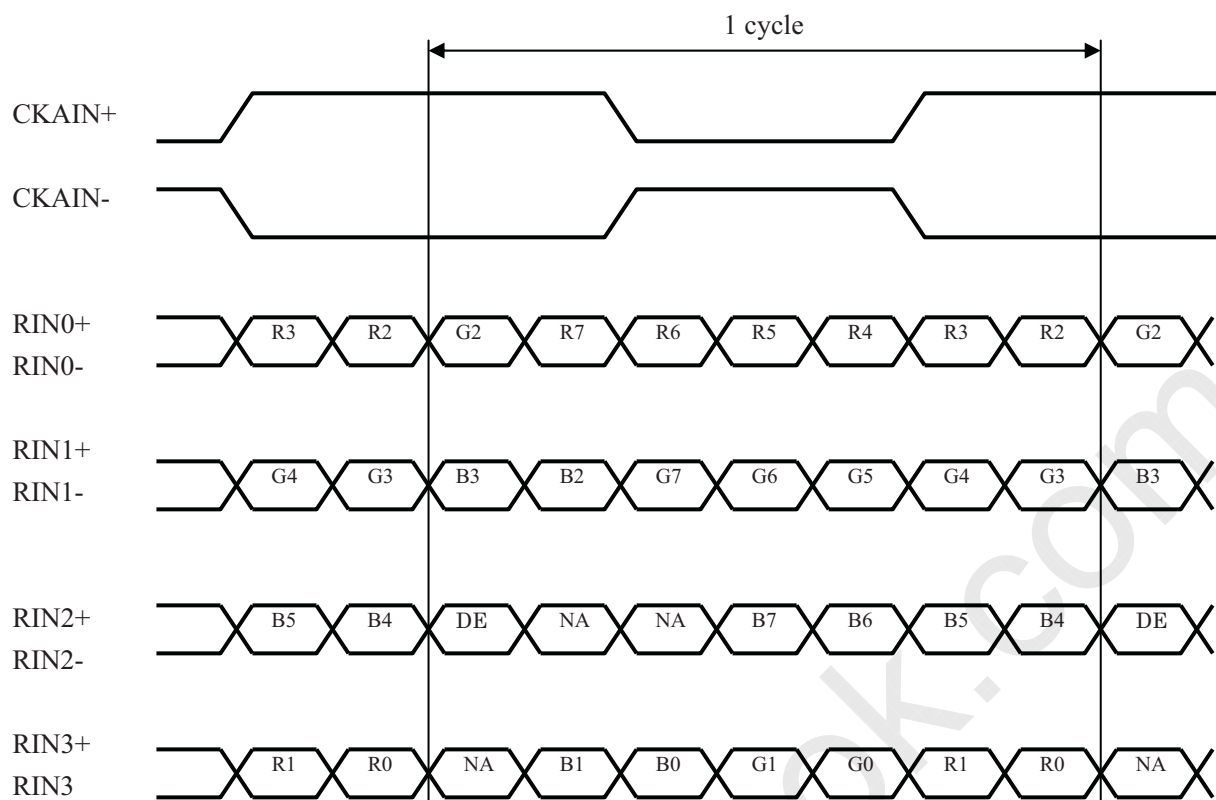
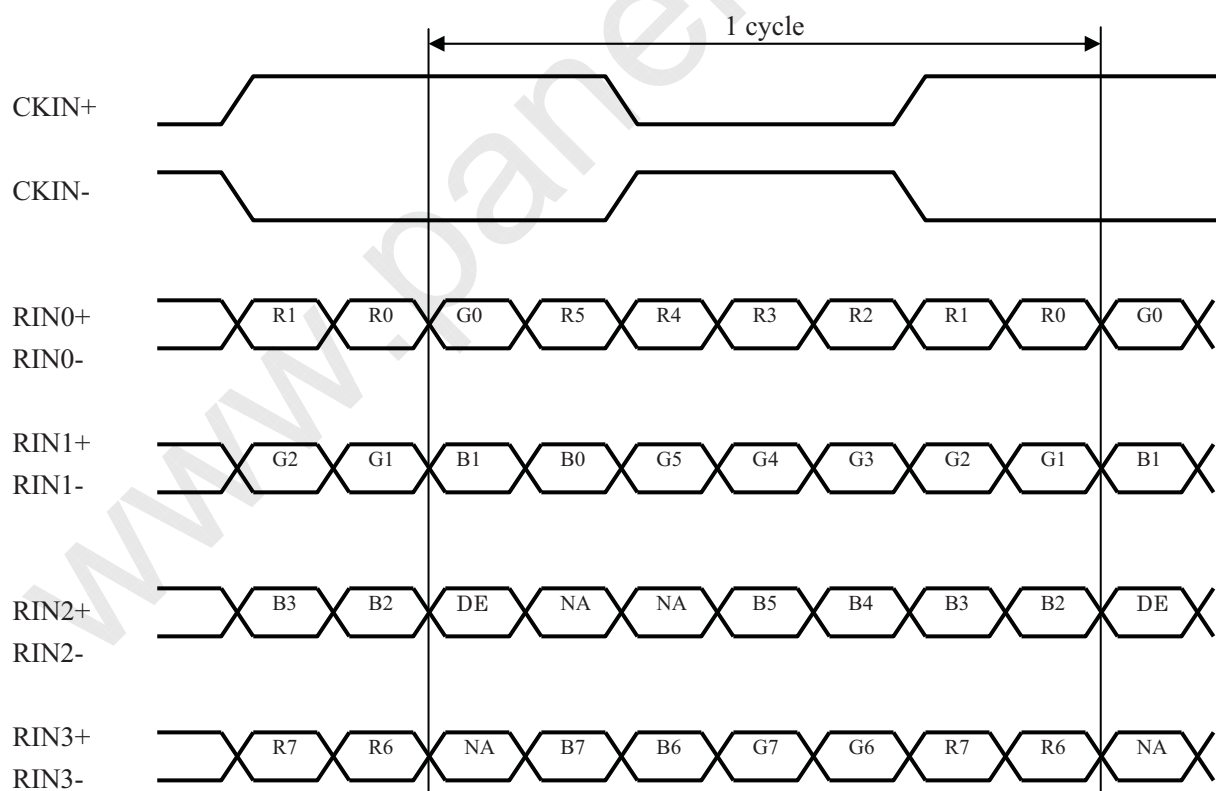
Corresponding Transmitter: THC63LVDM83R (THine) or equivalent device



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• Block Diagram (LCD Module)



SELLVDS= High (3.3V) or Open**SELLVDS= Low(GND)**

DE: Display Enable

NA: Not Available (Fixed Low)



4.3. Backlight driving

CN4 (+24V DC power supply and inverter control)

Using connector: S14B-PH-K-S (LF) (JST)

Mating connector: PHR-14 (JST)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Default(OPEN)	Input Impedance	Remark
1	V _{INV}	+24V	-		
2	V _{INV}	+24V	-		
3	V _{INV}	+24V	-		
4	V _{INV}	+24V	-		
5	V _{INV}	+24V	-		
6	GND		-		
7	GND		-		
8	GND		-		
9	GND		-		
10	GND		-		
11	V _{br-A}	Analog dimming voltage DC 0.0V ~ 3.3V (Typ : 1.65V)			
12	V _{ON}	Inverter ON/OFF	GND : pull down Inverter OFF	22K ohm	[Note 1]
13	EXTVBR-B	PWM signal (0.0V ~ 3.3V)	input		
14	GND	POWER GND			

*GND of an inverter board is not connected to GND of a module chassis and a liquid crystal panel drive part.

[Note 1] Inverter ON/OFF

Input voltage	Function
0V	Inverter : OFF
3.3V	Inverter : ON

[Note 2] Brightness Control selection

Pin No.14 is used for the selection of dimming control for V_{BRT} pin (Pin No.13).

Input voltage	V_{BRT}
0V	Pulse dimming
3.3V	Analog dimming

[Note 3] Brightness Control

1. Analog Dimming

Brightness control is regulated by analog input voltage (0V to 3.3V).

$T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$

	MIN	TYP	MAX	Function
Input voltage [V_{BRT}]	0V <->		3.3V	0V: Dark - 3.3V: Bright
[Reference] Brightness ratio [%]	20	<->	100	

[Note] PWM frequency : $275\pm 10\text{Hz}$

[Note] There is a case that lamp mura may happen, depending on ambient temperature and dimming.

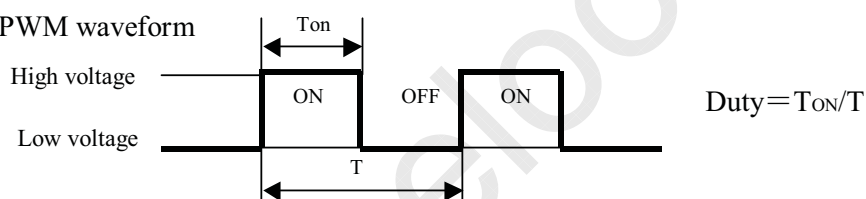
Dimming level should be set according to your evaluation of actual display performance.

(Minimum input voltage 1.5V at below 15°C)

2. Pulse Dimming

Pin No.13 is used for the control of the PWM duty with input pulse from 150Hz to 350Hz.

Input PWM waveform



		MIN	TYP	MAX	Remark
Pulse signal	[Hz]	150	275	350	
DUTY(T_{on}/T)	[%]	35	<->	100	$T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$
Dimming level (Brightness ratio)	[%]	20	<->	100	$T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ Pulse signal=275Hz

[Note] There is a case that lamp mura may happen, depending on ambient temperature,

in dimming. Minimum dimming level should be set according to your evaluation of actual display performance. (Minimum duty 60% at below 15°C)

[Note] In case of using Pulse Dimming, be careful so that the V_{BRT} signal (Pin 13) doesn't have glitch.

**5. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Input voltage (for Control)	V _I	Ta=25 °C	-0.3 ~ 3.6	V	【Note 1】
5V supply voltage (for Control)	VCC	Ta=25 °C	0 ~ + 6	V	
Input voltage (for Inverter)	V _{BRT} V _{ON}	Ta=25 °C	0 ~ + 6	V	
24V supply voltage (for Inverter)	V _{INV}	Ta=25 °C	0 ~ +29	V	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-	-25 ~ +60	°C	【Note 2】
Operation temperature (Ambient)	Topa	-	0 ~ +50	°C	

【Note 1】 SELLVDS, R/L, U/D,TEST, Frame, O/S set, Temp1, Temp2, Temp3

【Note 2】 Humidity 95%RH Max.(Ta≤40℃)

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 °C or less.(Ta>40 °C)

No condensation.

6. Electrical Characteristics

6-1. Control circuit driving

Ta=25 °C

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
+5V supply voltage	Supply voltage	V _{CC}	+4.5	+5.0	+5.5	V	【Note 1】
	Current dissipation	I _{CC}	-	800	1800	mA	【Note 2】
Permissible input ripple voltage		V _{RP}	-	-	100	mV _{P-P}	V _{CC} = +5.0V
Differential input threshold voltage	High	V _{TH}	-	-	100	mV	V _{CM} = +1.2V 【Note 6】
	Low	V _{TL}	-100	-	-	mV	
Input Low voltage		V _{IL}	-	-	0.7	V	【Note 3】
Input High voltage		V _{IH}	2.6	-	3.3	V	
Input leak current (Low)	I _{IL1}	I _{IL1}	-	-	100	μA	V _I = 0V 【Note 4】
	I _{IL2}	I _{IL2}	-	-	400	μA	V _I = 0V 【Note 5】
Input leak current (High)	I _{IH1}	I _{IH1}	-	-	100	μA	V _I = 3.3V 【Note 4】
	I _{IH2}	I _{IH2}	-	-	400	μA	V _I = 3.3V 【Note 5】
Terminal resistor		R _T	-	100	-	Ω	Differential input

【Note】 V_{CM}: Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.

【Note 1】

Input voltage sequences

$$0 < t_1 \leq 10\text{ms}$$

$$10\text{ms} \leq t_{2-1} \leq 20\text{ms}$$

$$t_{2-2} \geq 10\text{ms}$$

$$0 < t_3 \leq 1\text{s}$$

$$t_4 \geq 1\text{s}$$

$$t_5 \geq 200\text{ms}$$

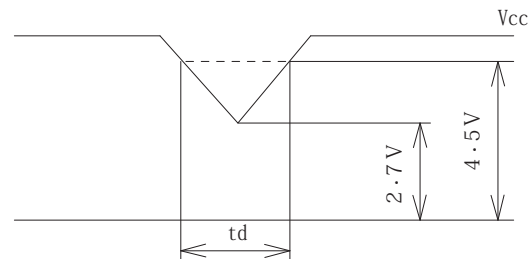
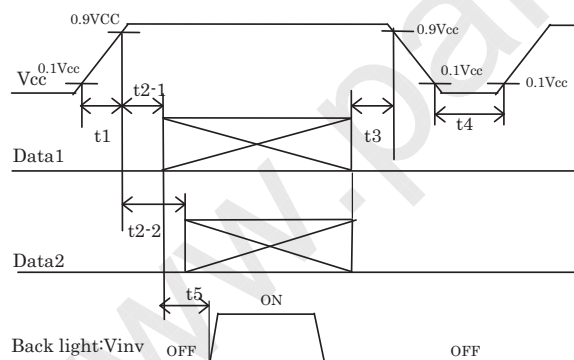
Dip conditions for supply voltage

$$\text{a) } 2.7\text{V} \leq V_{CC} < 4.5\text{V}$$

$$t_d \leq 10\text{ms}$$

$$\text{b) } V_{CC} < 2.7\text{V}$$

Dip conditions for supply voltage is based on input voltage sequence.



※ Data1: CLKIN±, RIN0±, RIN1±, RIN2±, RIN3±

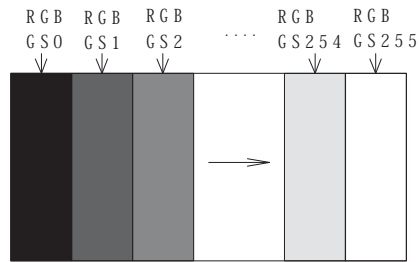
※ Data2: R/L, U/D, SELLVDS, Frame, O/Sset, Temp1,2,3

※ About the relation between data input and back light lighting, please base on the above-mentioned input sequence.

When back light is switched on before panel operation or after a panel operation stop, it may not display normally. But this phenomenon is not based on change of an incoming signal, and does not give damage to a liquid crystal display.

【Note 2】 Typical current situation: 256 gray-bar pattern ($V_{CC} = +5.0V$)

The explanation of RGB gray scale is seen in section 8.



$V_{CC} = 5.0V$

$CK = 82.0MHz$

$Th = 20.67 \mu s$

【Note 3】 R/L, U/D, SELLVDS, TEST, Frame, O/S set, Temp1, Temp2, Temp3

【Note 4】 R/L, U/D

【Note 5】 SELLVDS, TEST, Frame, O/S set, Temp1, Temp2, Temp3

【Note 6】 CKIN+/CKIN-, RIN0+/RIN0-, RIN1+/RIN1-, RIN2+/RIN2-, RIN3+/RIN3-,

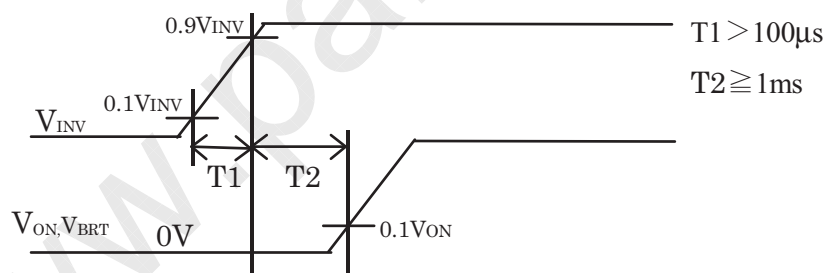
6-2. Inverter driving for back light

The back light system is direct type with 18 CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

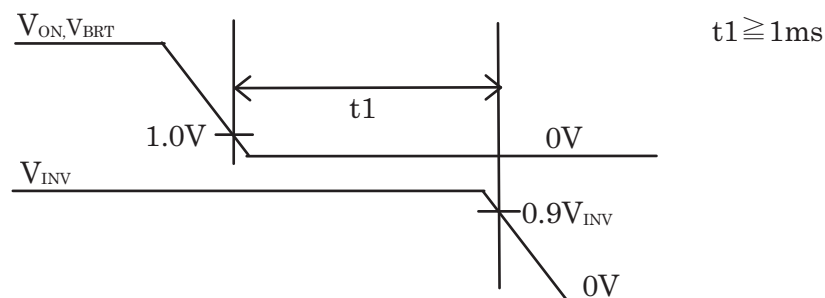
$T_a = 25^\circ C$

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
+24V	Current dissipation	I_{INV}	-	4.2	A	$V_{INV} = 24V$ $V_{BRT} = 0V, V_{ON} = 5V$ 【Note 1】
	Supply voltage	V_{INV}	22.5	24.0	V	
Permissible input ripple voltage	V_{RF}	-	-	200	mV _{p-p}	$V_{INV} = +24V$
Input voltage (Low)	V_{ONL}	0	-	1.0	V	Von impedance=24k Ω
Input voltage (High)	V_{ONH}	3.0	5.0	6.0	V	
Brightness control voltage	V_{BRT}	0	→	5.0	V	V_{BRT} impedance=100k Ω

【Note 1】 1) V_{INV} -turn-on condition



2) V_{INV} -turn-off condition



7. Timing characteristics of input signals

7-1. Timing characteristics ▲A

Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig.2

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	65	82	85	MHz
Data enable signal	Horizontal period	TH	1560	1696	1940	clock
		THd	20.20	20.67	-	μs
	Horizontal period (High)	THd	1366	1366	1366	clock
	Vertical period	TV	778	806	972	line
	Vertical period (High)	TVd	768	768	768	line

【Note】 When vertical period is very long, flicker and etc. may occur.

Please turn off the module after it shows the black screen.

Please make sure that length of vertical period should become of an integral multiple of horizontal length of period. Otherwise, the screen may not display properly.

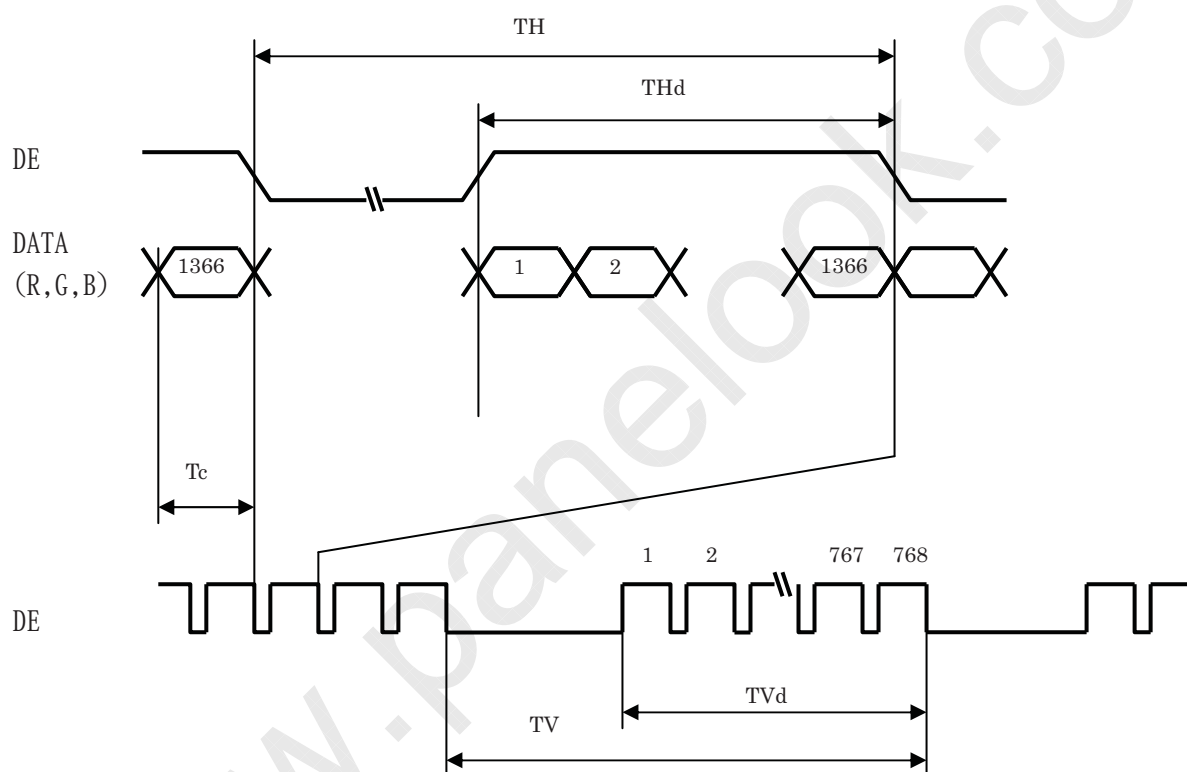
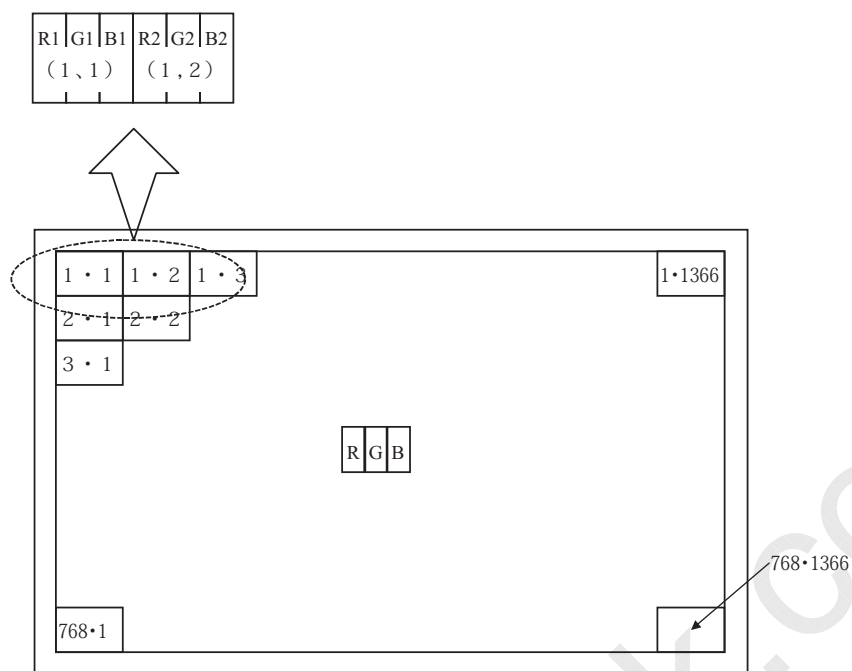


Fig.2 Timing characteristics of input signals



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7-2. Input data signal and display position on the screen



Display Position of Data (V,H)



8. Input Signal, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

	Colors & Gray scale	Data signal																											
		Gray Scale	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7			
Basic Color	Black	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Blue	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Green	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Cyan	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Red	—	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Magenta	—	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Yellow	—	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	White	—	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Gray Scale of Red	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	↑	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	↑	↓	↓							↓							↓												
	↓	↓	↓							↓							↓												
	Brighter	GS253	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	↓	GS254	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Red	GS255	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Gray Scale of Green	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	↑	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	↑	↓	↓							↓							↓												
	↓	↓	↓							↓							↓												
	Brighter	GS253	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	↓	GS254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Green	GS255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Gray Scale of Blue	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	↑	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	↑	↓	↓							↓							↓												
	↓	↓	↓							↓							↓												
	Brighter	GS253	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	↓	GS254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Blue	GS255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		

0 : Low level voltage, 1 : High level voltage.

Each basic color can be displayed in 256 gray scales from 8 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 24 bit data signals, the 16-million-color display can be achieved on the screen.

9. Optical characteristics

Ta=25°C, Vcc = +5V, VINV = +24V

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing angle range	Horizontal	θ_{21} θ_{22}	$CR \geq 10$	70	85	-	Deg.	【Note1,4】
	Vertical	θ_{11} θ_{12}		70	85	-	Deg.	
Contrast ratio		CRn	$\theta = 0$ deg.	600	800	-		【Note2,4】
Response time (1)		τ_{d1}	$\theta = 0$ deg.	-	6	-	ms	【Note3-1,4,5】 $V_{BRT}=0V$
		τ_{r1}		-	6	-		
Response time (2)		τ_{r2}	$\theta = 0$ deg.	-	12	20	ms	【Note3-2,4,5】 $V_{BRT}=0V$
		τ_{d2}		-	12	20		
Luminance of white		X		0.242	0.272	0.302	-	【Note 4】
		Y		0.247	0.277	0.307	-	
Luminance of red		X		0.610	0.640	0.670	-	
		Y		0.300	0.330	0.360	-	
Luminance of green		X		0.250	0.280	0.310	-	
		Y		0.570	0.600	0.630	-	
Luminance of blue		X		0.120	0.150	0.180	-	
		Y		0.030	0.060	0.090	-	
Luminance of white		Y_{L1}		400	500		cd/m ²	【Note 4】
Luminance uniformity		δ_w		-	-	1.25		【Note 6】

Measurement condition : Set the value of V_{BRT} to maximum luminance of white.

*The measurement shall be executed 60 minutes after lighting at rating.

【Note】 The optical characteristics are measured using the following equipment.

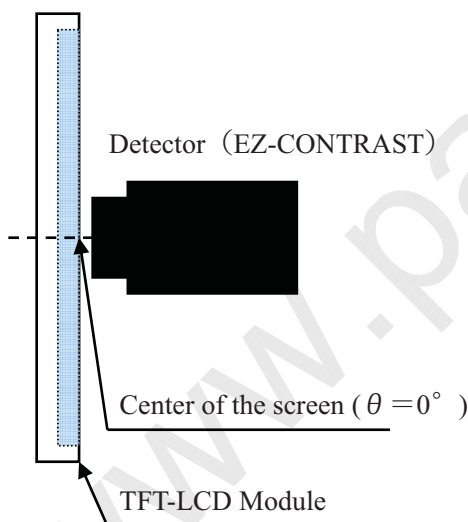


Fig.3-1 Measurement of viewing angle range.

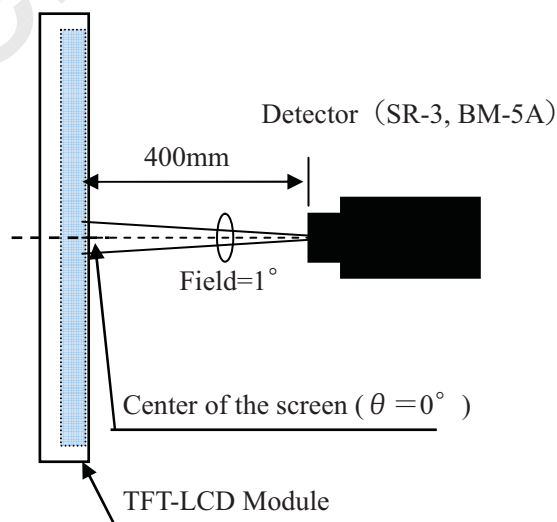
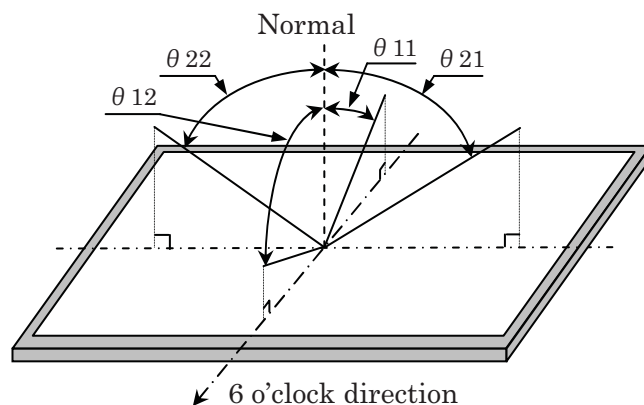


Fig.3-2 Measurement of Contrast, Luminance, Chromaticity and Response time.
(Contrast, Luminance and Chromaticity: SR-3, Response time: BM-5A).

【Note 1】 Definitions of viewing angle range :



【Note 2】 Definition of contrast ratio :

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white}}{\text{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black}}$$

【Note 3】 Definition of response time

3-1. Response time (1)

The response time ($\tau d1$ and $\tau r1$) is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for “any level of gray (GS0, GS32, GS64, GS96, GS128, GS160, GS192, GS224 and GS255)” and “any level of gray (GS0, GS32, GS64, GS96, GS128, GS160, GS192, GS224 and GS255)”.

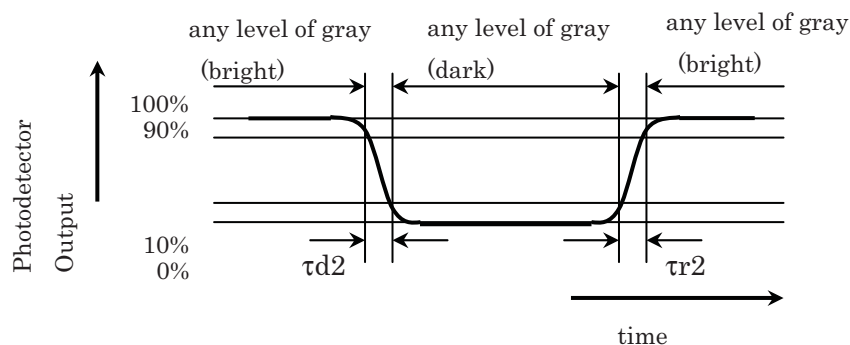
	GS0	GS32	GS64	GS96	GS128	GS160	GS192	GS224	GS255
GS0		tr:0-32	tr:0-64	tr:0-96	tr:0-128	tr:0-160	tr:0-192	tr:0-224	tr:0-255
GS32	td:32-0		tr:32-64	tr:32-96	tr:32-128	tr:32-160	tr:32-192	tr:32-224	tr:32-255
GS64	td:64-0	td:64-32		tr:64-96	tr:64-128	tr:64-160	tr:64-192	tr:64-224	tr:64-255
GS96	td:96-0	td:96-32	td:96-64		tr:96-128	tr:96-160	tr:96-192	tr:96-224	tr:96-255
GS128	td:128-0	td:128-32	td:128-64	td:128-96		tr:128-160	tr:128-192	tr:128-224	tr:128-255
GS160	td:160-0	td:160-32	td:160-64	td:160-96	td:160-128		tr:160-192	tr:160-224	tr:160-255
GS192	td:192-0	td:192-32	td:192-64	td:192-96	td:192-128	td:192-160		tr:192-224	tr:192-255
GS224	td:224-0	td:224-32	td:224-64	td:224-96	td:224-128	td:224-160	td:224-192		tr:224-255
GS255	td:255-0	td:255-32	td:255-64	td:255-96	td:255-128	td:255-160	td:255-192	td:255-224	

$t^*:x-y$...response time from level of gray(x) to level of gray(y)

$$\tau r1 = \Sigma(tr:x-y)/36, \tau d1 = \Sigma(td:x-y)/36$$

3-2. Response time (2)

The response time ($\tau d2$ and $\tau r2$) is the maximum value defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for “any level of gray (bright)” and “any level of gray (dark)”.



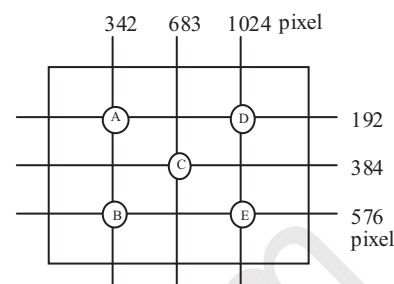
【Note 4】 This shall be measured at center of the screen.

【Note 5】 This value is valid when O/S driving is used at typical input time value .

【Note 6】 Definition of white uniformity ;

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements. (A~E)

$$\delta_w = \frac{\text{Maximum luminance of five points (brightness)}}{\text{Minimum luminance of five points (brightness)}}$$



10. Handling Precautions of the module

- Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- This product is using the parts (inverter, CCFT etc), which generate the high voltage.

Therefore, during operating, please don't touch these parts.

- Brightness control voltage is switched for “ON” and “OFF”, as shown in Fig.4. Voltage difference generated by this switching, ΔV_{INV} , may affect a sound output, etc. when the power supply is shared between the inverter and its surrounding circuit. So, separate the power supply of the inverter circuit with the one of its surrounding circuit.

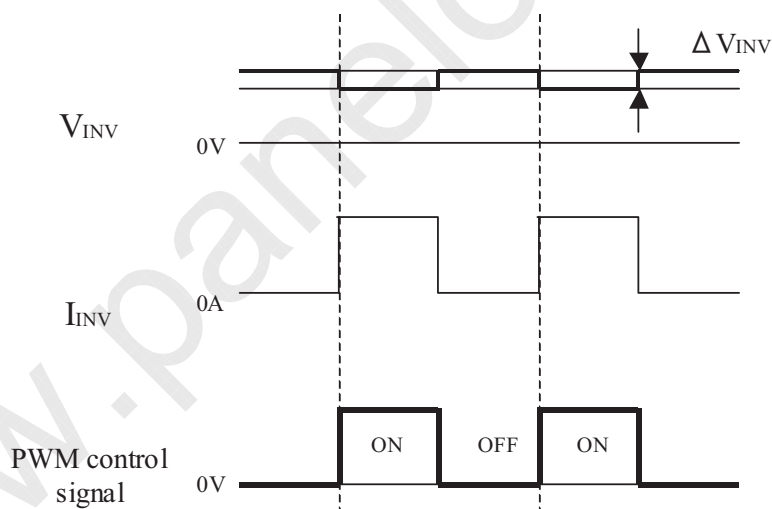


Fig.4 Brightness control voltage.

*Since inverter board's GND is not connected to the frame of the LCD module, please connect it with the Customer's GND of inverter power supply.

- Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- Since long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots, wipe off water drop immediately.
- When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.



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- i) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and take the human earth into consideration when handling.
- j) The module has some printed circuit boards (PCBs) on the back side, take care to keep them from any stress or pressure when handling or installing the module; otherwise some of electronic parts on the PCBs may be damaged.
- k) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- l) When some pressure is added onto the module from rear side constantly, it causes display non-uniformity issue, functional defect, etc.. So, please avoid such design.
- m) When giving a touch to the panel at power on supply, it may cause some kinds of degradation. In that case, once turn off the power supply, and turn on after several seconds again, and that is disappear.
- n) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.

12. Packing form

- Piling number of cartons: 3 maximum
- Packing quantity in one carton: 3 pcs.
- Carton size: 970 (W) × 255 (D) × 610 (H)
- Total mass of one carton filled with full modules: 30 kg(Max)

13. Reliability test item

No.	Test item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60℃ 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-25℃ 240h
3	High temperature and high humidity operation test	Ta=40℃ ; 95%RH 240h (No condensation)
4	High temperature operation test	Ta=50℃ 240h
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta=0℃ 240h
6	Vibration test (non-operation)	Frequency: 10~57Hz/Vibration width (one side): 0.075mm : 58~500Hz/Acceleration: 9.8 m/s ² Sweep time: 11 minutes Test period: 3 hours (1h for each direction of X, Y, Z)
7	Shock test (non-operation)	Maximum acceleration: 490m/s ² Pulse width: 11ms, sinusoidal half wave Direction: +/-X, +/-Y, +/-Z, once for each direction.
8	ESD	* At the following conditions, it is a thing without incorrect operation and destruction. (1)Non-operation: Contact electric discharge ±10kV Non-contact electric discharge ±20kV (2)Operation Contact electric discharge ±8kV Non-contact electric discharge ±15kV Conditions: 150pF、330ohm

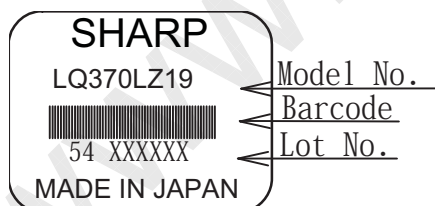
【Result evaluation criteria】

Under the display quality test condition with normal operation state, there shall be no change, which may affect practical display function.

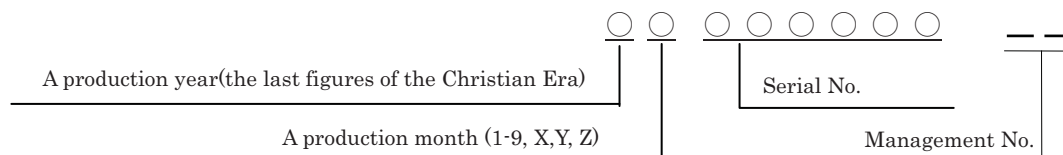
14. Others

1)Lot No. Label ;

The label that displays SHARP, product model (LQ370LZ19), a product number and “MADE IN JAPAN” is stuck on the back of the module.



How to express Lot No.



2) Packing Label

社内品番 : (4 S) LQ370LZ19 (①)	
Bar code	
Lot NO. : (1 T) 2008 . * . * * (②)	
Bar code	
Quantity : (O)	3 p c s (③)
Bar code	
ユーザ品番 :	
シャープ物流用ラベルです。	

① Management No. (LQ370LZ19)

② Lot No. (Date)

③ Quantity

3) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.

4) Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.

5) The chemical compound, which causes the destruction of ozone layer, is not being used.

6) Label of using material information

It is displaying the material of the optical parts with the label in the module back.

MATERIAL INFORMATION
LENS FILM :> PET,AK-X <
DIFFUSER SHEET :> PET <
DIFFUSER BOARD:> MMA/S <
REFLECTOR :> PET <

7) Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD PANEL contains a small amount of mercury. Please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal. This sentence is stamped on the backside of the module.

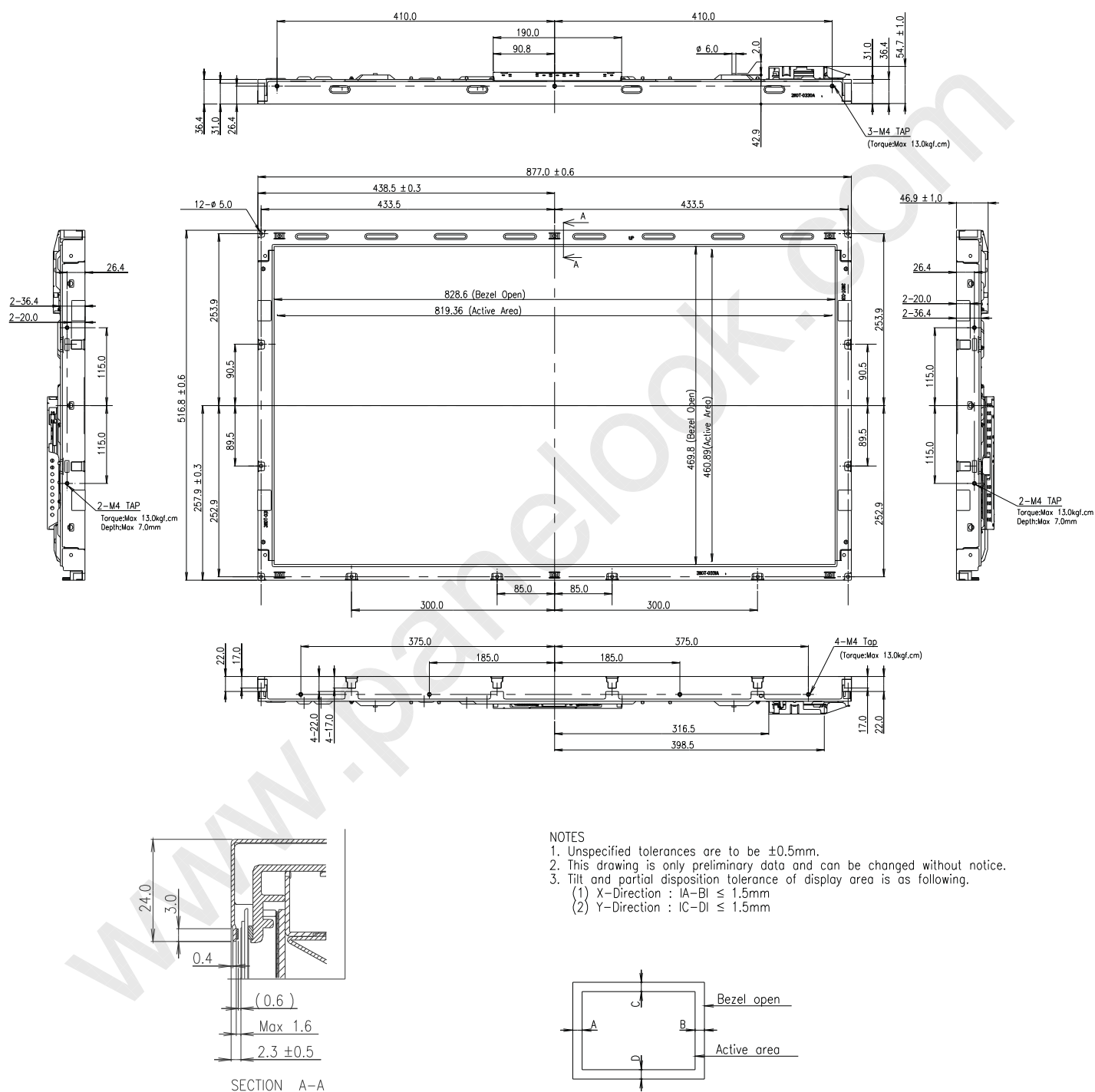
	HIGH VOLTAGE CAUTION
	RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK. DISCONNECT THE ELECTRIC POWER BEFORE SERVICING.
*COLD CATHODE FLUORESCENT LAMP IN LCD PANEL CONTAINS A SMALL AMOUNT OF MERCURY. PLEASE FOLLOW LOCAL ORDINANCES OR REGULATIONS FOR DISPOSAL. ・当該液晶ディスプレイパネルは蛍光管が組込まれていますので、地方自 治体の条例、または、規則に従って廃棄してください。	

8) When any question or issue occurs, it shall be solved by mutual discussion.

**15. Carton storage condition**

Temperature	0℃ to 40℃
Humidity	95%RH or less
Reference condition	: 20℃ to 35℃ , 85%RH or less (summer) : 5℃ to 15℃ , 85%RH or less (winter) • the total storage time (40℃,95%RH) : 240H or less
Sunlight	Be sure to shelter a product from the direct sunlight.
Atmosphere	Harmful gas, such as acid and alkali which bites electronic components and/or wires must not be detected.
Notes	Be sure to put cartons on palette or base, don't put it on floor, and store them with removing from wall Please take care of ventilation in storehouse and around cartons, and control changing temperature is within limits of natural environment
Storage life	1 year

<FRONT VIEW>



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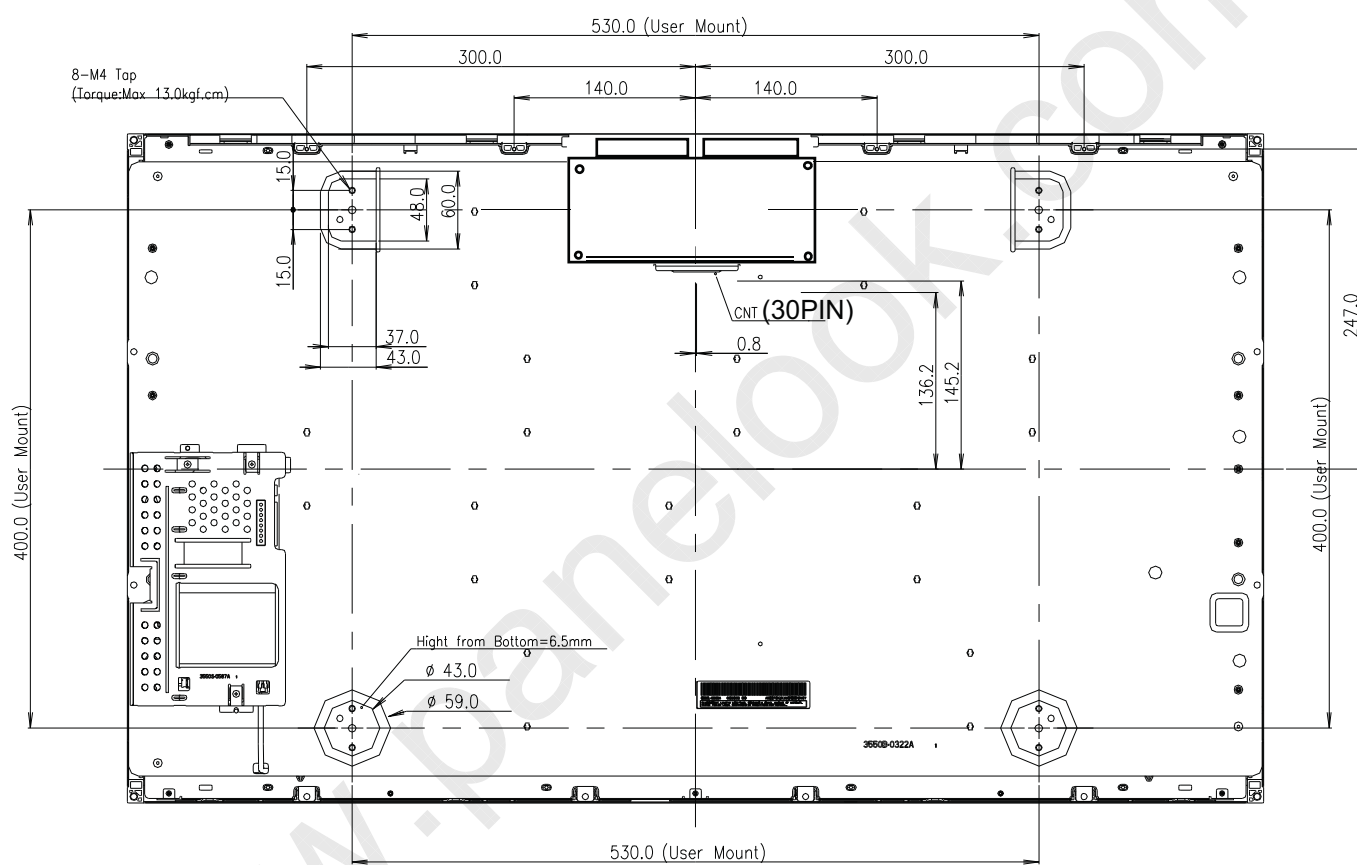


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LQ370LZ19

Product Specification

<REAR VIEW>





SPECIFICATIONS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

Suggested applications (if any) are for standard use; See Important Restrictions for limitations on special applications. See Limited Warranty for SHARP's product warranty. The Limited Warranty is in lieu of, and exclusive of, all other warranties, express or implied. ALL EXPRESS AND IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR USE AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARE SPECIFICALLY EXCLUDED. In no event will SHARP be liable, or in any way responsible, for any incidental or consequential economic or property damage.

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